LONDON, June 9.—A Cabinet council was convened at noon, and was in session until 1:15 o'clock. It is unsession until 1:15 o'clock. It is un-derstood the situation was thoroughly discussed, and it was decided that in view of the defeat last night it would be inconsistent for the members of the Cabinet to remain longer in office, and it was resolved that their resignations be tendered the Queen at once. The report of this decision of the Cabinet has caused a feverish feeling on the Stock Exchange, and consols have de-clined 3-16, while Russian securities are a lower. On all provincial exare I lower. On all provincial excircles is more marked.

MR. GLADSTONE IN THE HOUSE. Gladstone a few minutes after 4 o'clock this afternoon entered the House of Commons. His appearance was that of a firm man perfectly undisturbed. He at once proceeded to the Speaker's desk and entered into conversation with Mr. Peel. During the conversation the Premier was evidently in bright spirits, and he was loudly cheered by the Radi-cal members of the House. When he seated himself in his usual place his very self-possession seemed to en-thuse his admirers and the Chamber was fairly rent with cheer after cheer, and the applause became an ovation. At last Mr. Gladstone arose in deference to the greeting. He said the Cabinet, on assembling to-day, thought they were under obligation to submit a dutiful communication to the Queen. [Cheers.] It would be premature on his part to enter into particulars con-cerning the nature of that communication just now.

He would say, however, as on former occasions, a few days must elapse before the result of that communica-tion could be arrived at, so as to be made known to the House. During the interval, Mr. Gladstone concluded, the House would follow its usual custom in refraining from the transaction of its business, and he would move that the House on rising do adjourn until Friday.
The House of Commons and the

House of Lords have adjourned until next Friday.

PUBLIC OPINION. Great surprise is expressed at the de-feat of the Government. It was expected that an effort would be made last night to prevent the proposed in-crease of the duties upon beer and spirits, but there was no idea that the opposition would overturn the Cabinet. It seems to be regarded as extremely resign and leave unfinished so many im-portant matters relating to both home and foreign affairs. Nothing more untoward than the present crisis could have occurred apparently. Men of all parties are of the opinion that the Gov-ernment should at least remain provisionally-that is, until after the gene ral elections.

ABOUT PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS. LONDON, June 9 .- The attendance at prayers at the opening of the House of Commons this afternoon was unusually large. The report that the ministry had resigned had been circulated pretty thoroughly through the metropolis, and a great crowd of people sur-rounded all the entrances to the Parliament buildings, eager to catch a glimpse of the ministers when they should enter, or hear a report bearing upon the impending events. It was generally understood before the meeting of the House that Mr. Gladstone would move its adjournment un- task." til Friday in order to enable the Government to communicate with the Queen concerning the crisis and the wisest method of meeting it. The members of the House of Commons before the prayer-hour stood about in the lobbies engerly discussing the situation.

The Standard, in its evening edition to-day, says it believes that the result of the Cabinet council this afternoon was a unanimous decision affirming the necessity for resignation by the entire ministry.
The Earl of Salisbury has been in

nference with Sir Stafford Northcote. It is expected that the surviving mem-bers of the last Disraeli Cabinet will hold a meeting and consider the situation and their own responsibility in the Although Mr. Gladstone's statement

in the House of Commons this afternoon did not contain any direct announcement of resignation by the Cabinet, the terms he employed being those which have invariably been used on similar occasions, were taken to indicate that the resignations had been decided on and tendered to the Queen. The Conservatives are divided on th

question of the expediency of assuming the power. A majority of them favor trying the experiment. It is expected by the Tories that the Marquis of Salis-bury will be ready by Friday next to accept an invitation by the Queen to form a provisional government. It is rumored that Mr. Gladstone

tends to entirely abandon political life. The Government have notified the different officers of the internal-revenue department throughout the United Kingdom that the additional duties on spirits have been abandoned.

In the House of Lords the redistribution-of-seats bill has passed the committee stage.

SIR CHARLES DILKE ON GLADSTONE Sir Charles Dilke, president of the the City Liberal Club this evening, and referring to the events of the last twenty-four hours, said there was one event so gratifying that it was hardly possible to mention it without emo-tion—namely, the extraordinary recep-tion which the Liberals in the House of Commons gave their great leader this afternoon when he (Gladstone) came down to make the announcement that all expected he would make. [Cheers.] Etiquette forbade him to add anything to Gladstone's statement, but the Liberal members of the House of Commons were deeply moved by the appearance of Gladstone in such circumstances, and received him with a warmth of enthusiasm unsurpassed and unequalled in his (Dilke's) experience. He bethis feeling. Gladstone's mind was un-cramped and unwarped by time and age, and he was now in complete sympathy with the advanced Liberal section, even more than before. He was the greatest Liberal leader ever known.

CABINET.

Lord Bardolph Churchill was asked this afternoon if the Conservatives would form a Government.

SPECULATIONS ABOUT THE NEW

would form a Government.

He enswered: "Most certainly."

The lobby gossips mention the Marquis of Salisbury for Prime Minister;
Bir Stafford Northcote for Chancellor of the Exchequer; and Lord Randolph Churchill for Secretary of State for In-

Commons; Sir Stafford Northcote (who will go to the House of Lords), Lord President of the Council; Lord Randolph Churchill, Secretary of State for India; Colonel Frederick A. Stanley,

India; Colonel Frederick A. Stanley, Secretary of State for War.

The new Ministry will attempt no measures calculated to give the Liberals a chance to gain a victory. They will recast the budget in accordance with the votes of the House, and when the estimates are passed will dissolve Parliament, the Parnellites counting on the leaves of the consequence. the lapsing of the coercion measure.

The ministerial circle takes the de-feat with equanimity. It is supposed that the Cabinet, in view of the tendency to disruption and internal disthe chance to resign. The crisis post-pones indefinitely the settlement with Russia. The Conservatives will adopt Earl Granville's frontier convention. but will insist upon stringent guarantees against a further Russian advance.

LONDON, June 10 .- It is understood that the Conservatives will form a new Cabinet and undertake the admistration of the Government, if requested to of such request they will leave the present Ministers to untangle their own difficulties.

THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL ON THE SITUATION.

DUBLIN. June 9 .- The Freeman's Journal to-day, commenting on the defeat of the Government last night on the budget, says: "The defeat is due to the action of the Parnellites in refusing to uphold the Cabinet, from which they received nothing but broken promises. and from which Ireland could expect nothing but injustice, as was foreshadowed in the proposed attempt to again saddle upon Ireland the iniquitous provisions of the crimes act. The result of the vote last night will cause Earl Spencer and his lieutenants at the Castle to quit Ireland, leaving behind them the memory of an Administration which was preeminently noted for cold-blooded brutality and frigid, calculating injustice Earl Spencer may receive a dukedon be well for the Queen and Mr. Glad-stone to bear in mind that it was the Lord-Lieutenant's hand that destroyed the greatest government England has had during the last century. If it had not been for Earl Spencer's misstate-ments in regard to the condition of Ireland, and his influence in the Cabinet, Mr. Gladstone would have sought the friendship of Parnell and his followers instead of provoking their hostility by such arbitrary measures as the pro-posed renewal of the coercion bill." CONTINENTAL BOURSES AGITATED.

LONDON, June 9 .- The Bourses on the continent were considerably agi-tated to-day by the report of the re-signation of the Gladstone Ministry. A FURTHER ADJOURNMENT NECES-

SARY. LONDON, June 10 .- The Conservatives' acceptance of office will necessitate a further adjournment of ter days to complete the re-elections. It is expected that the Queen will come to London. The Cabinet messenger went to Balmoral last week.

TO-DAY'S PRESS ON THE CRISIS. LONDON, June 10 .- The Standard, in an editorial, says: "The duty of the Conservatives is clear. If Gladstone insists on resigning, the opposition are bound to accent the duty of the Government. We trust they will not hesitate, though statesmen have seldom been faced with so uninviting a

Salisbury will undertake to form a new Ministry. The whole European press express the greatest surprise at the sudden collapse of the British Cabinet.

The News, in an editorial, says: "The future of the present moment is a stepping-stone to a long success. Gladstone will be again returned to power by an overwhelming wave of popular enthusiasm. The Government was defeated by the negligence or indifference of nominal adherents."

The Daily Telegraph thinks Sir Stafford Northcote will be Premier and leader in the House of Commons, and the Marquis of Salisbury Foreign Secretary. In an editorial it says: "The thoughts of Englishmen may well be turned with respect and gratitude to the veteran statesman who relinquishes the reins of power with so much deference and grace, and who will gain, we hope, by enforced respite from the toils of Government, vigor to resume at a future period the position which none but himself can ever fill in the councils of the country and the debates of her Senate."

The Times, in an editorial, says: "Though Sir Charles Dilke's estimate of the Liberal chances in the election are too sanguine, the risks of losing ground are far greater on the Conservative than on the Liberal side. The most serious stumbling-block for the Con-servatives is the coercion ques-Lord Randolph Churchill declared against coërcion, and there are other leaders prepared to let the act lapse in the face of the prospect of a renewed carnival of murder and outrage in Ireland.'

Settlement of a Famous Case.

LONDON, June 9 .- It was announce that the terms of settlement of the slander case of Mr. Charles Warren Adams against Lord Coleridge had be arranged as follows: The Lord Chief Justice settles an income of six humdred pounds a year on his daughter, Miss Mildred, on the occasion of marriage to Adams, and the legal disputes are to be referred to arbitration. In the conference attending the com-promise of the libel suit of Adams against Lord Chief-Justice Coleridge, Bernard Coleridge, the defendant's son, stated that the letter he had written to his sister Mildred, and on which Adam based his libel suit of last year, was written in confidence, and was based persons, and which he believed at the

Lord Coleridge said that at no time had he intended in the letters on which the present suit was brought to cast any reflection on his daughter, who he de-clared would be restored to the same position in his household she would have occupied if the law-suit had never

In it Possible that Gordon Escaped?
[By cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, June 9.—A dispatch from Cairo says: Some excitement has been created here among the English officials and residents by the arrival of a Coptic merchant from Khartoum. He states that he witnessed the contract of the least of the lea that he witnessed the capture of Khar-toum, and that immediately after the massacre of the garrison the Mahdi de-manded the head of Gordon for a tro-phy, but his warriors produced the head of the Austrian Consul, Mr. Han-sal. When the mistake was discovered a second search was made for Gordon, but the Mahdi's followers were mable to flud any trace of the here of Khar-

tours. They found several other Europeans, but no documents were found in their clothes to show that either of them was General Gordon. The Coptic says that it is possible that General Gordon, seeing that all was lost, may have es-

THE REGULAR REVOLUTIONS.

LA LIBERTAD via GALVESTON, June 9.—The rebel Menendez occupies Santa Anna, Chalchuapa, and Atiquesaya with a strong force. The Menendenists have been driven out of Cojutepeque, which place is now occupied by the national troops. Rivas, however, remains in close proximity, threatening an attack. The imity, threatening an attack. The Nationals have a large force under arms. A battalion of Nicaraguans crossed the river Lempa yesterday, and another battalion is marching on Coatepque. Everything hinges on the attitude of Guatemala, which country Menendez asserts will assist him, in which case the whole of Central America will be neutral the San Salvadoreans' Government will probably overpower the revo-lutionists within a fortuight.

BOGOTA via GALVESTON, June 9 .-The Colombian forces have suppressed the insurgents at all important points Confidence in the Government stored, and business prospects are im-

A Grand Charity Entertainment

LONDON, June 9.—The American concert in aid of the sick and wounded British soldiers of the Soudan campaign was given this evening in St. ames Hall and was a grand success. All the artists were American professionals, and included Marie Zandt, Mrs. Antoinette Sterling, Miss Gertrude Griswold, Miss Nettie Car-penter, and Miss Adelaide Detchon. Among the amateurs were Lady Man-deville, Lucy Randolph Churchill, and

Mrs. Ronalds.

The Prince and Princess of Wales. the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, Mr. and Mrs. Phelps, and most of the leaders of London society were pre-sent. The Prince of Wales and Minister Phelps had a long and pleasant chat behind the scenes.

The Cholera in Spain

[By cable to the Dispatch.]
MADRID, June 9.—There were eight suspected cases of cholera reported here yesterday. There was also a ru-mor that four deaths had occurred from the same disease. In the Cortes Senor Romero Y. Robledo, Minister of the Interior, made a statement which confirmed the truth of the report of an outbreak of cholers in Valencia. He denied, however, that any authentica-ted case of cholers had yet appeared in Madrid. The Government, said the Minister, would readopt the extraordinary precautionary measures taken during the outbreak of the disease in 1884, when it erected lazarettos and purpose of isolating the districts in-fected.

[By cable to the Dispatch.] VIENNA, June 9 .- Three hundre and twenty of the 353 Deputies to the Reichbrath have already been returned from the present Austrian elections. Of these 320 the Government party have elected 167; the German Liberal party 132, and 21 others have been elected by combined political elements of different kinds.

Peace Between France and China. [By cable to the Dispatch.]
PARIS, June 9.—M. de Freycin

the French Minister of Foreign Affairs. in the Chamber of Deputies this eveping confirmed the announcement that The Standard thinks the Marquis of the treaty of peace between France and China had been signed at 4 o'clock P. M. to-day at Tientsin.

A Clever Colley.

Baroness Burdett-Coutts is usually accompanied in the streets by a beautiful Colley dog, which is the gift of Henry Irving, and which has a little history. The actor was one day driving over the Braemar moors when he lost his Skye-terrier, which had been trotting along behind his trap. He got down to look for it, directing the driver to go on with the On the moor he trap. shepherd with a Colley, and the man, when told of the actor's loss, offered to find the terrier. At a word from him the Colley darted off, and after an absence of ten minutes returned. "Where is he?" asked the shepherd, and the dog, lifting one paw, pointed in the direction of the road. "He has gone after the trap," the shepherd said, and Irving, marvelling and in truth incredulous, returned to

the road, and coming up with the trap

found his little favorite awaiting his ar-

rival. He bought the Colley for \$75

and presented it to the Baroness. General Southern Passenger Agent (By telegraph to the Dispatch.) CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 9 .-The general passenger agents of south ern trunk lines are in session in this city to consider some plan to provide for the liability of railroads for drum mers' baggage. The meeting was prompted by a suit for \$40,000 brought against the Louisville and Nashville for the destruction of this class of baggage by the burning of this company'

The Weser's Small-Pox Patient [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] NEW YORK, June 9 .- The steerage passengers of the steamer Weser, num-pering 887, among whom the smallpox made its appearance, were all aken off on a barge at quarantine this morning and transferred to Ward's island. The steamer will be thoroughy cleansed and fumigated before being

lepot in Nashville.

llowed to come up to the city. [By telegraph to the Oispatch.]
GALVESTON, June 9.—A special to he News from El Paso says: Yesterday morning, at Guanajuata, Senor checo, a lawyer, was stabbed to death by his brother. A woman was the cause. Pipecheco's family is one of the first in the city. The murderer

and the woman are in jail. General Grant's Condition. NEW YORK, June 9 .- General Gran did not sleep until late last night, but he slept hearly eight hours before arousing this morning. He suffered no pain in the night, and to-day his throat appears better and the glandular swelling was very little.

Aukward for Mr. Boutwell.
[Washington Correspondence.]
Ex-Secretary Boutwell visited the customs division of his old department to-day and found a familiar face at the desk of the acting chief of this division.
"I hope," said the ex-Secretary, "that
you will be promoted to fill the position
permanently. Your record is very
good indeed." "You ought to know," replied Mr. McGregor. "for you once dismissed me from the Treasury on the charge of being a Democrat."

THE OLD NORTH STATE.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

VERY HEAVY BAIL BONDS.

Tree Mill against a Pro

Capture of a Besperate Moonshiner. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] Beaufort County Court yesterday the grand jury found a true bill against R. C. Windley and John W. Stewart (white men) and Ben. Smith (colored) (white men) and Ben. Smith (colored) for killing William Waters, an old for killing William Waters, an old white man, some months ago. The case has attracted much attention, particularly as Windley is a man of large means and is prominent in business. The fact that he held a policy of insurance upon Waters's life has furnished ground for comment. The case cannot be tried until the next term of the court. All the parties were held to bail for their appearance. The bond for Windley was fixed at \$25,000, Stewart's bond at \$10,000, and Ben. Smith's at \$2,000.

It is estimated that two thirds of the tobacco crop of this section has been marketed. It is also estimated that

the same quantity has been planted of the new crop.

There was quite a sensation in Plea There was quite a sensation in Pleasant Grove township, Johnston county, yesterday. A party of revenue officers had information that a desperado named John Felix Holder was operating an illicit distillery. They found the place after a great effort and rushed upon Holder, who was in the still-house in the still-house in

a ravine in the woods. He attempted to seize a gun, but the men were too quick, and covered him with revolvers. His still was captured; also, a hundred gallons of whiskey, and he was brought here and put on trial before the United States commissioner to-day and promptly sent to jail. He is said to be a regular desperado, who has repeatedly threatened the lives of the neighbors. GENERAL NOTES. News has been received here of

damage by yesterday's storm. The loss of trees and fencing is large. Some houses are reported as blown down. No loss of life is yet reported, though it is feared this will appear by later re-To-day the directors of the State In-

stitution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, in this city, met and reelected W. J. Young principal, and John Grimes steward. The other officers of the institution were all reelected. The Democrats of Raleigh and this

internal-revenue district have been jubilating all day over the appointment of W. H. Yarbrough as collector. The recent appointment of Ike Young was a severe blow, and called forth more harsh expressions than any political step in some vears. To-morrow, in the United States Circuit Court, the cases of Christian, of Richmond, against the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad will be called.

These are important cases, involving largely the bonds of the road. This afternoon the first train left for the Teachers' Assembly at Black Mountain. There were over 100 teachers on

By the end of the week the number will certainly be over 500, and may reach 750. The session ends the last of the month. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction will officially visit the Assembly on the 20th instant and will spend some days there. Governor Scales left for Salem this evening. He will be received with all honors there by the military and citi-

There was a meeting of the State Base-Ball Association here to-day, at which representatives were present Wilmington, Goldsboro', ham, Henderson, Oxford, and Raleigh Many important matters were discussed It was the first regular meeting of the Association. Charges were preferred against the Goldsboro' club for playing only allow two.

There was a notable gathering people here to-day from all this section of the State to see the game be-tween the Raleigh and Durham Clubs, which was expected to be the most exciting of the season. Houseman, the pitcher of the Raleigh Club, did good work. The score was: Raleigh, 11 : Durham, 6. This is the first de feat of the Durham Club this season. The excitement was very great. The game was a loose one, not up to the standard in the State, which has been high this season.

GREENSBORO' AND VICINITY.

Bold Burglary-Pleasant Sunday-School

Entertainment [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] GREENSBORO', June 9. - Nathan Winslow, an aged gentleman living near Jamestown, was robbed this morning before daylight of a considerable sum of money by an uzknown party. The robber entered Winslow's house by cutting a pane of glass out of a window Carrying a dark lantern, and making his way to Mr. Winslow's room, he covered him with a pistol and demanded nis (Winslow's) money or his life. Over one thousand visitors from Fav

etteville were here to-day by invitation of the Presbyterian Sunday school of this place. The Sunday school of Fay etteville was met at the depôt by the school here and escorted to the church. An address of welcome was made by George H. Gregory, of Greensboro', and responded to by Rev. W. S. Lacey, of Jonesboro'. After the exercises the crowd repaired to a grove close by and partook of a sumptuous dinner. There was plenty for all. Among those present were citizens of Richmond. It was a most pleasant occasion. The crowd returned this evening loud in their praise of the hospitalities extended by the citizens of the City of Flowers.

A match game of base-ball was played to-day between the Fayetteville and Greensboro' clubs, resulting in a victory for the Greensboro' club. The scor stood 24 to 11.

Destructive Cyclone in Iowa.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

DUBUQUE, IOWA, June 9.—Su a cyclone, with a heavy rain- and hail-storm, struck us late at night, coming from the West. A school-house was picked up and smashed to atoms. The St. Paul Company's warehouse, with fifteen hundred bushels of grain, was blown over on the railroad-track. Lumber was blown all over town and through windows, some pieces going through dwellings. A number of dwellings, one of them of stone, were razed to the ground. The German razed to the ground. The German church was moved off its foundation and warped badly. A sorghum-mill was completely wrecked. About twenty barns were demolished, and all the fronts in the business part of the town demolished by flying timbers. The wind blew loaded cars from the track. The storm raged about thirty minutes. The loss will reach \$30,000.

TOMBSTONE. ARI., June 9 .- Inte ligence was received here Sunday that three men had been killed by Indians in Sonora Saturday morning. In-formation was received to the effect that the Apaches were at Scott & White's ranch. This information caused great excitement here, which was intensified by the arrival of seve-

ral men with news that the Indians were in Swisshelm. Captain Howe, in command of Company E, of the Na-tional Guards, telegraphed to Prescott for orders and received the following reply from Acting-Governor Van Ar-man: "Pursue all marsuding Indians and force the fighting. When the trails get fresh don't camp, but push

affairs, and is being generally signed. Jerome-Park Races. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, June 9.—The closing races at Jerome Park were witnessed by a large crowd to-day. The weather was cool and pleasant and the track

First race—purse \$500, maiden two-year-olds, half-mile—Glenely colt won by a neck; Rock and Rye second, won by a neck; Rock and Rye second, and Faeince third. Time, 51 seconds. Second race—purse \$500; for three-year-olds, with winning penalties and maiden allowances, mile and a furlong—Masher won by a length and a half; Winston second, and Breta third. Time 203 Time, 2:03. Third race-Empire City sweepstake

of \$100 each, half forfeit, with \$2,500 added, mile and a quarter. In the stretch Himalaya went ahead and won by a length and a half; Choctaw econd, Pampero third. Time, 421. Fourth race—free handicap sweep-stakes, one mile—Wall Flower won; St. Paul second, lapped by Topsy. Time, 1:464.
Fifth race—purse \$500, three-yearolds and upwards, three quarters of a mile, selling allowances—Jim Renwick

won; Cricket second, Girofla third. Time, 1:19. Sixth race-handicap steeple-chase. full course—Charlemagne won; Rose second, West Wind not placed. Time, 4:19.

Lancaster : Jersey City, 8; Lancas ter 15. Trenton! Trenton, 8; Newark, 4.

Ease-Ball Yesterday

New York : Metropolitan, 10; Pittsburgh, 2. Chicago: Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 1. Nashville: Nashville, 0; Memphis,

Buffalo : Buffalo, 10 : Detroit, 8 Providence: Providence, 4; Phila-Washington: National, 2: Cincin nati. 8.

Boston: New York, 10; Boston, 4. Augusta: Augusta, 5; Macon, 2.

Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] NORFOLK, VA., June 9.—The Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., in annual session in Portsmouth to-day, elected the following officers for the ensuing year : Grand Patriarch, N. E. Whit hurst, of Portsmouth; Grand High Priest, J. M. Leath, of Petersburg; Grand Senior Warden, George W. Beach, of Norfolk; Grand Scribe, A. T. Burr, of Danville : Grand Treasurer, James E. McCoy, of Norfolk; Grand Junior Warden, William E. Pearce, of Richmond; Grand Representative to Sovereign Grand Lodge, A. L. Hill, of Norfolk. The parade of uniform camps this afternoon was imposing, and the banquet at the Ocean House to-night was a handsome conclusion to the programme.

Death of a Remarkable Woman. AUGUSTA, GA., June 9 .- Mrs Emily H. Tubman, one of the oldest and wealthiest residents of Augusta. died this morning; aged ninety-one years. Mrs. Tubman was a native of Virginia, but came here in 1818 from

Christian or Campbellite churches in Georgia, and assisted in maintaining colleges of this Church in West Vir ginia and throughout the West. Her real estate goes to maintain a home for the poor of this county, according to the provisions of her husband's will.

Texas Items [By telegraph to the Dispatch,] GALVESTON, June 9 .- A special to the News from Dallas says that the trial of Joseph Lowenstein, for complicity in the celebrated cotton-swindling cases, began yesterday in the District Court. The former trial resulted in a hang jury. Baum, who recently died in a Canadian prison, was about to be ex-

tradited for trial on the same charges. A dispatch to the News from Austin says the establishment of John Thompson & Co., dealers in agricultural implements, was closed yesterday by attachments aggregating \$7,300.

Bayard in the West. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] LAWRENCE, KAN., June 9 .- The Bayard banquet last night was served in the large skating-rink. Over two whom were Senator Plumb, Chancellor Lippincott, ex-Governor Glick, and Hon. C. W. Blair. Ex-Governor Robinson presided. Secretary Bayard, in the course of his remarks, said the whole energy of the present Administration would be directed to the betterment of the entire country without sectionalism or distinction of any kind.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] CHICAGO, June 9 .- The Grand Lodge of Orangemen, attended by representatives of nearly all the subordinate lodges in the country, began its fifteenth annual session here to-day. In the course of its deliberations the Lodge adopted a resolution protesting against the introduction of Catholic forms of worship in schools, as it claimed was being attempted in New

also adopted. The Master Car-Builders. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] FORTRESS MONROE, June 9.--The ineteenth annual Convention of the Master Car-Builders' Association began its session at the Hygeia Hotel this morning. There was a large attendance of car-builders from all parts of the United States, representing an aggregate of 475,000 cars.

Moonshiners Arrested for Murder. ATLANTA, GA., June 9,--- Bud" Moody and Elijah Rogers, two notorious moonshiners of Campbell county, have been arrested for the murder of James Mapp, revenue agent, several months ago. Mapp's dead body was found only yesterday. . Western Union Dividend.
[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, June 9.—The Executive

Committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company to-day recommended the payment of the usual 14 per cent. quarterly dividend. The books will close June 20th and reopen July 24. (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, June 9.—S. S. Cox, the new Minister to Turkey, was banqueted to-night at the Hoffman House

by over 200 distinguished citizens on

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A SWINDLER'S BOLD CAME.

He Encaps to Purchase Diamends, and Heing Caught Attempts to Sunliew a Hogas Check-Presidential Appointments, &c. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] on." A petition is in circulation to aid in sending a representative to Wash-inton to show the true status of Indian

WASHINGTON, June 2.—A well-dressed man who registered as F. M., Stanley engaged a suite of rooms at Willard's Hotel and a single parlor at the Ebbitt House a few days ago. To-day he visited the diamond-store of Jacobs Brothers, on Pennsylvania avenue, and selected a handsome diamond cross, and asked that it be sent to his rooms at the first-named hotel for his wife's inspection.

The jewellers suspected a trick and put detectives on the man's track. He was arrested to-night at the hotel, and while under arrest endeavored to swal-low a forged check for \$150 on a promi-

nent clothing firm of this city. He gave the assumed name of Tom Jones, but is thought to be an expert hotel and diamond thief, and is probably the man wanted in Norfolk, Va., for a recent large robbery there. He is said to be a Savannah man. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 9.— The President to-day appointed the following United States marshals: Frederick H. Marsh, for the Northern district of Illinois: Henry C. Urner, for the Southern district of Ohio. The latter succeeds Lot Wright, who became prominent in the last elec-tion and was investigated by the Springer committee. The President also appointed ex-Mayor Fox, of Philadelphia, to be superintendent of the

mint at Philadelphia.

A sumber of fourth-class postmasters were appointed to-day, two of them in Virginia—C. C. Thompson, at Defiance, Augusta county; and Warren Durrett, rice Marcus Durrett, Jr. (to correct an error in name), North Garden, Albe-

marle county.

Inspectors of the Post-Office Department are exerting themselves to effect the capture of Hibbs, the defaulting postmaster of Lewiston, Idaho, as it is believed that he may have remained in this country, although he was reported to have fled into British Colombia. It s not believed the Government will lose anything through Hibbs's operations as many of his money-orders have been stopped in this country and others returned from Victoria, thus refucing the defalcation to three or

Chief Sharpe, of the post-office discovering depredations upon mails by the meagreness of information furrailroad line, post-office, and individual within a short time, and almost with-AMERICA'S FIGHTING FORCE.

It Exceeds That of Any Nation in Moder. Times.

Mr. Samuel L. Powers, in his pemarial-day oration at Lexington, brought out some interesting facts, derived from official sources, showing the resources of the United States in time of war, as compared with those of other nations. Mr. Powers said: In the four years that followed the uprising of the South, the people of the North furnished to Virginia, but came here in 1818 from Kentucky. She was a warm and personal friend of flenry Clay, and assisted at the welcome to Lafayette in Augusta.

Deceased was a most remarkable woman, and gave over \$25,000 to churches and charity. She built several of inhabitants in the entire country, for Richmond and vicinity, fair, that followed the uprising of the South, the people of the North furnished to the warmer in the northern portion, stationary followed by slowly and save, watern white southern red, saarte, and the southern portion, stationary followed by slowly and easy. Wheat—Southern steady: watern white southern red, saarte, from less than 32,000,000 to churches and charity. She built several of inhabitants in the entire country, for Richmond and vicinity, fair, saatte, western white. The Richmond and vicinity, fair, saatte, western white. The Richmond and vicinity, fair, the people of the North furnished to impression the northern portion, stationary followed by slowly and save, wheat—southern steady: western white and the southern portion, variable winds, generally east—tion, variable winds, gene and within the space of four years, 4,000,000 of men were under arms in that terrible conflict. Contemplate the fact, that one in every eight of our entire population, or one in every four of our male population, was actually engaged in that contest, and you get some idea of the terrible drain that the war made on the flesh and blood of our 3 P. M countrymen. In the entire military history of the world there is nothing to Mean temperature .. and that of nearly a century later in

be compared with that martial enthusiasm of our people. The celebrated uprising of the French people in 1793. their war with Germany, sink into in significance when compared with the tide that moved southward and northward to join the armies of the Union and Confederacy. It is the boast of Germany, the greatest military nation of modern times, that, with a population of 41,000,000, she can in time of war furnish an army of 1,250,000 men; but in the war of the rebellion the North, with a population of only 23,-000,000, had in actual service at the close of that contest more than a million of men. The hero of Appomattox during the campaigns of and 1865, commanded more soldiers than any other general since the fall of the Roman Empire. We are accustomed to think of Waterloo as the greatest battle of modern times; but in six engagements of the war of the rebellion, the loss upon one side or the other was greater than that of Wellington and the allied forces at Water-The loss of the Union army in the battle of the Wilderness nearly equalled the entire loss of both armies on the field of Waterloo. No battle has ever been fought on the continent of Europe with greater determination or with as much loss as that of Gettysburg. But the sacrifice of blood only kept pace with that of treasure. Our war expenses during the last year of the rebellion exceeded \$1,000,000,000. The expenses of the great wars between France and England during the career York and Philadelphia. A resolution of Napoleon and the French Revolution of sympathy for General Grant was bore no comparison to that of our war. The greatest sum of money expended \$631,000,000, or less than two thirds of the expenditures of the North during the year ending in 1865.

during a single year was by Great Britain in 1815, when it amounted to For half a century Waterloo had stood in history, song, and story without a parallel. It was reserved to the descendants of the men who fought under the Duke in that famous engagement to convince the world hat courage and tenacity had not degenerated since the days of Waterloo. Gettysburg may fairly be said to be the greatest battle of modern times. The numbers engaged exceeded those of Waterleo, the duration of the battle longer, and the loss greater. More than one third of the Union army and nearly one half of the Confederate were killed. wounded, or missing in that engage ment. The famous charge by Pickett on the third day, and its subsequent re-pulse, will live for all time in military history. The famous "Old Guard," veterans in the service of France. victors on many a hard fought field, possessing the courage and spirit peculiar to their nation and race, wavered before the first volley from the English batteries at Waterloo, and at the second fell back in confusion. But

Pickett's division at Gettysburg, with less men than composed the "Old Guard," advanced a mile under the

galling fire of our batteries, its lin

I once saw Hawthorne stances which had a touch of the ludicrous. It was at a commencement dinner given under a tent on the "campus" of Bowdoin College, of which institution it will be remembered he was a graduate in 1825, Longfellow being his classmate. Hawthorne had secured the high place which he ever after held in the republic of letters, and it was deemed a great thing that his presence had been secured to grace the festive occasion. When the time came for the speeches, everybody rejoiced at the prospect of hearing Hawthorne. Bowdoin was justly proud of her gifted son, and to see him, and especially to listen to him, was an event not soon to be forgotten. In fitting terms the presiforgotten. In fitting terms the president, Leonard Woods, Jr., if my memory serves me right and my memory serves me right. ory serves me right, announced the next speaker, our distinguished son and most welcome guest, and, as he pro-ceeded in his laudatory terms, naturally all eyes were turned away for the moment from the guest to the speaking

Finishing his remarks, the president called for a speech from Nathaniel Hawthorne. Everybody looked to the spot where just now "the distinguished son and welcome guest" had been sitting. But he was not there. While the president had been lavishly pour-ing out his praises, and extolling the wonderful gifts of this eminent progeny of alma mater, he had quietly lifted the canvas of the tent, crept out, and "gone to parts unknown." My recol-lection is that there was a good laugh over the matter, and everybody said it was just like Hawthorne, who dreaded making an after-dinner speech more even than he did the critics. His constitutional shyness never forsook him long as he lived. The Duke of Orleans and Madame de

Lambaile. [Temple Bar.] Madame de Lamballe was literally

torn to pieces in the most cruel and indecent manner. Her head and heart were paraded on pikes through the streets. It happened when this mur-der was committed on Monday that Lindsay and some other Englishmen were at the Duke of Orleans's, in the Palais Royal. As they were waiting for four thousand dollars, for which amount dinner they heard the outeries of a his bondsmen will be liable. they saw the spectacle of Madame de inspectors, to-day said that the De- Lamballe's head passing by on its way partment was greatly embarrassed in to the temple, where they were taking discovering depredations upon mails by it to show it to the Queen. Struck the meagreness of information furnished by the public. Not one man in tired to the further end of the room, hundred, he said, would notify the where the Duke of Orleans was sitting. Department when a letter was lost, He asked what was the matter. They and as a consequence when an employee was arrested for rifling letters he usually confessed that he had been all? Let us go to dinner." As they stealing for months. Prompt report of mail losses would enable the inspectors to fasten the crime upon a particular prisoned were killed; and being inprisoned were killed; and being informed that many of them were, "Pray." said he "what has become of Madame de Lamballe?" M. Walkiers,

diately began to converse on indifferent

LATE WEATHER REPORT. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]
WASHINGTON, June 10—1 A. M.— For the Middle Atlantic States, warmer, fair weather, variable winds. For the South Atlantic States, clear-

was clear and pleasant. Range of Thermometer Yesterday.

At 2:50 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sent in from Box 53, corner of Main and Nicholson streets. Rocketts, caused by the burning of a row of small frame houses in Rocketts old field

"FULL? YES; FULL TO THE

you'll be likely to want either in MEN'S, YOUTHS', OR BOYS' CLOTHING.

In short, it lacks nothing that you'll fine

We have lots of "Creamy" things that

COME TO HEADQUARTERS.

A. SAKS & CO... STRICTLY ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS 1013 MAIN STREET.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. MINIATURE ALMANAC, JUNE 10. 1886. 4:53 High Tips: 7:25 Morning 8:05 Evening PORT OF RICHMOND, JUNE 9, 1865.

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SAILED.

ship Guyandotte, Kelly, West Point ed for New York. ship Manhattan, Stevens, New

THANCIAL AND CA

SALES.-1,006 Richmond city 6's at 116 Virginia new 3'a
Va. con. tax-rec. coup., '82.
Va. con. tax-rec. coup., '82.
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Richmond city 8'a
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BANKS.
State Bank of Virginia 100
City Bank 23 2334
Petersburg Sav. and Ins. Co. 90 16
INSURANCE CONPANIES.
Va. Fire and Marine 23 35
Virginia State 25 ...

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. RICHMOND, June 9, 1888 SALES INDOORSED TO SECRETARY.

SALES INDOORSED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—Mired, 50 bushels at 95c. Red.

60 bushels very good Shortberry at 95c;

60 bushels very good Shortberry on private terms.

CONN.—Mixed, 500 bushels very good on

WHEAT, No. 2 Red, June...... No. 2 Red, July..... No. 2 Red, August,.... No. 2 Red, September.

Cons.
No. 2 White, June....
No. 2 White, July...
No. 2 White, August.
No. 2 Mixed, June...
No. 2 Mixed, July... MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

New YORK, June 9.—Cotton firm; calca, 2.173 bales; consoldated net receipts, 550 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 1.033 bales; uplands, 104c; Orieans, 16 13-16c. Southern flour a shade stronger and quiet; common to fair extra, 2., 70x44.63. Wheat-spot 1,4alc. higher; ungraded red, 91c. 11,012,1014; No. 2 red, June, 51.0141.015, July, 51.015431.03. Corn.—Spot advanced 18.015, 1014; No. 2 red, June, 51.0141.015, July, 51.015431.03. Corn.—Spot advanced 18.04; ungraded, Soa551-c; white southern, 65c.; No. 2, June, 54.4a444; C. Gats an 5c. independent of the southern, 65c.; No. 2, June, 54.4a444; C. Gats an 5c. independent of the southern, 65c.; No. 2, June, 54.4a444; C. Gats an 5c. independent of the southern of the s who was sitting near him, made a sign of her having been killed, by passing his hand across his throat. "I understand vou." said the Duke, and imme-

ed, 38a39c.: Pennsylvania. 38a40c. visions steady and quiet. Whiskey s at 3 ada31,21, Other articles uncha Freights duil.

CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI, June 9.—Flour unchanged; Wheat firmer; No. 2 red, \$1.02. Corn active, firm, and higher; No. 2 mixed, 3753-848. Oats atroas; No. 2 mixed, 3753-364. Pork firm at \$10.875. Lard in good demand at \$6.05. Bulk-meats in fair demand; shoulders, \$3.75; short rib, \$3.35. Bacon held higher; shoulders, \$4.75; short rib, \$0.25; clear, \$6.70. Whiskey steady at \$1.13. Sugar easier but not lower. Hoss firm; common and light, \$3.25a\$4.25; packing and butchery, \$3.75a\$4.75. LOUISVILLE

Louisville.

Louisville.
Louisville.
Wheat-No. 2 red. \$1.01. Corn-No. 2 white, 55a55]c. Oats-No. 2 mixed, 37/50. Frovisions firmer. Bacon-Clear rib, \$5.02 sides. \$6.0245; shoulders. \$4.50a54.73. Bulk-meats-Clear rib, \$5.60; aides. \$6.1245; shoulders. \$4.25. Pork-Mess. \$11.50. Land-Choice, 8c.

CHICAGO. CHICAGO.

Chicke, 8c.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO. June 9.—Flour unchange wheat opened & lower, but closed & lower but closed easy; cash, \$4c.; June 46%4876c.; June 46%4876c.; July 33%4834c.; August 33%4834c.; August 33%4834c.; August 34%486c. Mess-pork 10a15c. higher early advance partly lost; cash, \$10.604106. July, \$10.57%4810.72%; August \$10.82%; Lard 587%c. higher; cash, \$6.62, July, \$10.52%; Lard 587%c. higher; cash, \$6.63, July, \$10.82%; Lard 587%c. higher; cash, \$6.63, July, \$10.82%; Lard 587%c. higher; cash, \$6.63, July, \$10.83%. Since the lower but closed was a state of the lower but closed was a state stead of the lower but closed was a state state of the lower but closed was a state state of the lower but closed was a state was a state of the lower but closed was a state of the low

REVIEW OF THE CHICAGO MARKET

MILWAUKKE.
MILWAUKKE, June 9.—Flourdall,
trong ceash, 89c.; July 80%c. Cornn market; No. 8. noninally 47%c
uict; No. 2. 34cc. Provisions 8
dows-park cash or June, 815.43. diet; NO 2, 34,6. Provision fews-pork. cash or June, 88.62, team lard, cash or June, 88.62, WILMINGTON, Juce 9.—Turpes it 33/c. Rosin steady; strained.